

STAT INFO



7 October 2020

Balance of payments - France • August 2020

The current account slightly improved

In August, the current account recorded a deficit of 4.7 billion euros (working day and seasonally adjusted) compared with a deficit of 5.7 billion euros in July. The improvement stems from services, which returned to a surplus of 1.1 billion euros, while the goods deficit remained stable at 6.1 billion euros.

The improvement in the services balance was mainly due to a resorption of the deficit in consulting, R&D or trade-related services (for 0.6 billion euros) and to an increase in the surplus in travel services (for 0.3 billion euros).

In the financial account (non-seasonally adjusted), inflows exceeded outflows by 9.7 billion euros. Net inflows were mainly observed for "loans and deposits" (32.1 billion euros), but were almost entirely offset by net outflows in portfolio investments (28.9 billion euros).

France's balance of payments

(EUR billions)	2018	2019	Jul-20	Aug-20
	(a)	(a)	(b)	(b)
Current account (seasonally and working-day adjusted)	-13.2	-16.2	-5.7	-4.7
Goods (1)	-48.1	-46.8	-6.0	-6.1
Energy	-43.4	-42.7	-3.7	-3.7
Goods excl. Energy	-4.6	-4.2	-2.2	-2.4
Services	24.8	21.6	0.0	1.1
Travel	14.5	10.8	0.6	0.9
Transport services	-6.9	-5.0	-0.5	-0.3
Professional and management consulting services, research and development and Technical services, traderelated and other business services	7.6	7.2	-0.6	0.0
Other services (2)	9.6	8.6	0.5	0.5
Primary and secondary income (3)	10.1	9.0	0.3	0.3
Capital account (not adjusted)	2.1	1.9	0.0	0.2
Financial account (not adjusted)	-23.3	-28.8	-21.6	-9.7
Direct investment	57.1	4.2	-1.0	-0.6
- Abroad	118.3	49.8	2.3	1.9
- In France	61.2	45.6	3.3	2.5
Portfolio investment	9.4	-93.0	-3.8	28.9
- Assets	29.0	53.2	29.0	26.5
- Liabilities	19.6	146.2	32.8	-2.3
Financial derivatives	-25.9	3.7	-6.6	-6.5
Loans and deposits (4)	-74.4	53.4	-9.6	-32.1
Reserve assets	10.4	2.8	-0.6	0.7
Net errors and omissions	-12.2	-14.6	-14.8	-5.5

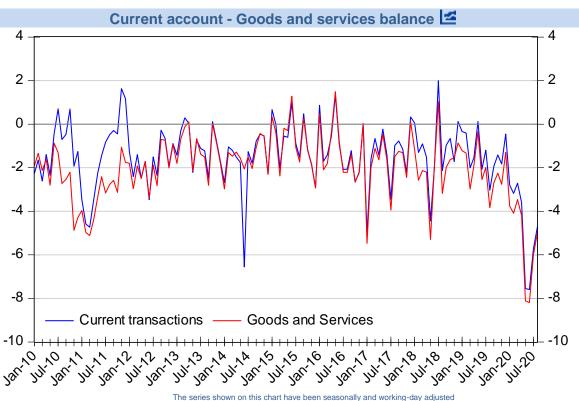
a) Annual report 2019 data (b) Provisional data (1) to (4) See methodological notes on page 2.

Source and production: BANQUE DE FRANCE - DGSEI



STAT INFO





Methodological notes relating to pages 1 and 3

(1) Data on trade in goods are FOB-FOB values, which means without cost, insurance and freight. This expenditure is recorded in the services item. Exchanges of goods cover General merchandise published by the Directorate General of Customs and Excise (DGDDI) on one side, merchanting and methodological adjustments calculated by the Banque de France, on the other side. In order to ensure the comparability of French balance of payments with those of other countries and conformity with the international standards, the international standard for Balance of Payments statistics is released under the aegis of the International Monetary Fund. The key concept for the balance of payments is the concept of economic ownership which is consistent with the national accounts.

(2) Services other than travel (tourism and professional travels), transport services, professional and management consulting services, R&D and development and technical services, trade-related and other business services include manufacturing, maintenance and repair, construction, insurance and pension services, financial services, charges for the use of intellectual property, telecommunication, computer and information services, personal, cultural and recreational services and government goods and services.

(3) Income includes primary and secondary incomes. Primary income refers to the flows received by economic agents for their participation in the production process ("compensation of employees") or for the provision of financial assets ("investment income") or for the rental of natural resources ("rent"). Taxes and subsidies on products and production are also included in primary income. Secondary income records current transfers between residents and non-residents. A transfer is a transaction that involves the provision of a good, service, financial asset or another non-produced asset without receiving something of economic value in exchange.

(4) The "other investment" (loans and deposits) component of the financial account includes all transactions in financial assets and liabilities with non-residents that do not concern direct investment, portfolio investment, financial derivatives or reserve assets. In practice, this mainly concerns bank deposits and interbank lending, as well as loans and deposits made by insurance companies and all kinds of investment companies and funds.

On the Banque de France website a detailed <u>methodological note on balance of payments and international investment position</u> can be found. Highlights on specific topics are also available:

- <u>foreign direct investments (English and French)</u>,
- remittances (French),
- international tourism in France (French).
- international banking activity (English and French),
- banks foreign establishment (French),
- net foreign assets (English and French),
- <u>business services (French)</u>.









Revisions Q2 2020

Not seasonally adjusted, EUR billions

	Current publications	Previous publications	Revisions (a-b)	
	(a)	(b)		
	Q2	Q2	Q2	
Current account	-14.3	-25.1	10.8	
Goods (1)	-22.1	-19.7	-2.4	
Energy	-5.3	-5.3	0.0	
Goods excl. Energy	-16.8	-14.4	-2.4	
Services	2.1	0.9	1.2	
Travel	0.7	0.7	0.0	
Transport services	-1.2	-1.4	0.2	
Professional and management consulting services, research and development and Technical services , traderelated and other business services	1.1	-0.3	1.4	
Other services (2)	1.6	1.9	-0.3	
Primary and secondary income (3)	5.6	-6.2	11.8	
Capital account	0.4	0.4	0.0	
Financial account	-23.0	-21.6	-1.4	
Direct investment	-17.3	-0.3	-17.0	
- Abroad	-11.4	4.2	-15.6	
- In France	5.9	4.5	1.4	
Portfolio investment	-65.2	-57.1	-8.1	
- Assets	49.4	47.4	2.0	
- Liabilities	114.6	104.5	10.1	
Financial derivatives	12.0	11.0	1.0	
Loans and deposits (4)	48.4	25.6	22.8	
Reserve assets	-0.8	-0.8	0.0	
Net errors and omissions	-9.1	3.0	-12.1	